2020 Identification of Child Physical Abuse Clinical Guideline

Red Flag Indicators

"Red Flag" Indicators

- ➤ The child is non-ambulatory with fractures or bruises
- Injury inconsistent with child's developmental level
- Injury is inconsistent with the history given
- > Changing history over time
- Lack of history
- Unwitnessed injury
- Injury is attributed to the child's siblings or pets
- Delay seeking medical care

Soft Tissue Injury

4 months of age AND any bruise

≤ 4 years of age

AND

bruises of:

Torso, Ears, Neck

Injury to
Frenulum, Angle of jaw,
Cheek, Eyelid, Sclera

Patterned injury

Head Trauma

- > Irritability in an infant
- Vomiting
- > Altered breathing pattern; labored, irregular, apneic
- Seizures
- > Altered level of consciousness
- > Changes in tone in an infant
- Cardio-respiratory compromise
- > Abnormal neurological exam

Fractures

High specificity for abuse

- · Classic metaphyseal lesions
- Rib fractures, especially posterior
- Scapular fractures
- Spinous processes fractures
- Sternal fractures

Moderate specificity for abuse

- Multiple, bilateral, symmetric
- Fractures of different ages
- Complex skull fractures
- Digital fractures
- Associated non-skeletal injury
- Fracture in a non-mobile child

Suspicion of inflicted injury?

Report to Child Protective Services

Transfer to PED1

This algorithm does not replace clinical judgment and is not intended to be prescriptive for all patients.

